110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 211

To facilitate nationwide availability of 2–1–1 telephone service for information and referral on health and human services, including volunteer services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 4, 2007

Ms. Eshoo (for herself, Mr. Markey, Mr. Upton, Mr. Pickering, Mr. TERRY, Mr. MURTHA, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. GORDON of Tennessee, Mr. Pastor, Mr. Inslee, Mr. Gene Green of Texas, Ms. Hooley, Mrs. Capps, Ms. Solis, Mr. Towns, Mr. Ross, Mr. Radanovich, Mr. Rog-ERS of Michigan, Mrs. Wilson of New Mexico, Mr. Lantos, Mr. King of New York, Mr. Ehlers, Mr. Defazio, Mr. Oberstar, Mr. Bos-WELL, Mrs. Davis of California, Mr. Chandler, Mr. Larsen of Washington, Mrs. McMorris Rodgers, Ms. Lee, Mr. Alexander, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Fattah, Mr. Cuellar, Mr. Brady of Pennsylvania, Mr. Platts, Ms. McCollum of Minnesota, Mr. Cooper, Ms. Loretta SANCHEZ of California, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Reichert, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Holden, Ms. Zoe Lofgren of California, Mr. Weiner, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. GERLACH) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To facilitate nationwide availability of 2–1–1 telephone service for information and referral on health and human services, including volunteer services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Calling for 2–1–1 Act
- 5 of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) The Federal Communications Commission
- 9 has assigned 2–1–1 as the national telephone num-
- ber for telephone service for information and referral
- on human services, declaring that 2–1–1 best satis-
- fies the public interest in allotting the limited re-
- source of this abbreviated number.
- 14 (2) The number "2–1–1" is an easy-to-remem-
- ber telephone number that facilitates critical connec-
- tions between individuals and families seeking serv-
- ices, volunteer opportunities, or both and appro-
- priate human service agencies, including community-
- based and faith-based organizations and government
- agencies.
- 21 (3) There are approximately 1,500,000 non-
- profit organizations in the United States. Individuals
- and families often find it difficult to navigate
- through a complex and ever-growing maze of human
- 25 service agencies and programs, spending inordinate

- amounts of time trying to identify an agency or program that provides a service that may be immediately or urgently required and often abandoning the search from frustration or a lack of quality information.
 - (4) At the Federal, State, and local levels, government funding supports well-intentioned programs that are not fully utilized because of a lack of access to and information on such programs by the public. Program administrators have indicated that there is a need for a simple way to connect those eligible for programs with available program resources. 2–1–1 telephone service will reduce the number of inappropriate calls to government offices by directing consumers to the appropriate human services agency, resulting in a more effective use of government services.
 - (5) A national cost benefit analysis conducted by the University of Texas estimates a net value to society of a national 2–1–1 system approaching \$130,000,000 in the first year alone and a conservative estimate of nearly \$1,100,000,000 over 10 years.
 - (6) Many families need information on government and not-for-profit services that provide high

- quality health care, public health information related to bioterrorism threats, mental health services, drug treatment, elder care, help for victims of domestic violence, disaster recovery, and volunteer opportunities.
 - (7) Individuals often need support, services, or both when suffering emotional distress, having suicidal thoughts or behavior, contemplating violence, or using drugs or alcohol.
 - (8) Americans desire to volunteer and become involved in their communities. This desire, together with a desire to donate to organizations which provide human services, are among the reasons to contact a center which provides information and referral on volunteer opportunities and human services. A simple call to 2–1–1 will help a citizen find the volunteer opportunity they seek.
 - (9) Following the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, an estimated 400 telephone hotlines were established in New York, New York, for various funds and services, creating a confusing network for victims and volunteers to navigate. A Comptroller General report on charitable aid following the terrorist attacks found that "families of victims generally believed they had to navigate a maze of service

- providers in the early months" and that "good information about and easy access to available assistance could help survivors in the recovery process".
 - (10) During the Hurricane Katrina disaster in 2005, 2–1–1 served as a crucial backup in areas of the Gulf Coast where 9–1–1 centers went down, providing access to emergency responders as well as serving as a source for information about loved ones, food, shelter, and other vital services.
 - (11) The 107th Congress recognized the importance of 2–1–1 telephone service in community preparedness and response by including use of that telephone number for public information as an allowable use of funds under grants for preparedness and response to bioterrorism and other public health emergencies under section 319C–1 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d–3a), as added by section 131 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–188).
 - (12) While 69 percent of the population has access to 2–1–1 telephone service in 41 States, inadequate funding prevents access to that telephone service throughout each of the States. 2–1–1 tele-

- phone service is currently available statewide in only
 17 States.
- 3 (13) Rapid deployment nationwide of 2-1-1 telephone service as a means of access to informa-5 tion about and referral on human services requires 6 collaboration among State governments, comprehen-7 sive and specialized information and referral centers. 8 including Child Care Resource and Referral Agen-9 cies, human service organizations and service pro-10 viders, emergency management and homeland secu-11 rity officials, telephone companies, and other rel-12 evant entities.
- (14) 2-1-1 telephone service facilitates the 13 14 availability of a single repository where comprehen-15 sive data on all community services is collected, 16 maintained, and updated regularly, reducing costs 17 and duplication of efforts. The reliable data provided 18 through 2-1-1 telephone service helps to better as-19 sess the needs of our communities and to imme-20 diately mobilize resources toward those needs.
- 21 SEC. 3. GRANTS TO FACILITATE NATIONWIDE AVAIL-
- 22 ABILITY OF 2-1-1 SERVICE FOR INFORMA-
- 23 TION AND REFERRAL ON HUMAN SERVICES.
- (a) Grants Required.—The Secretary of Healthand Human Services shall award a grant to each State

- 1 to carry out a program for the purpose of making 2-1-
- 2 1 telephone service available to all citizens in the State
- 3 for information and referral on health and human services,
- 4 including volunteer services. These grant dollars shall not
- 5 supplant existing funding streams or services.
- 6 (b) Grant To Be Available for Each State.—
- 7 In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall
- 8 develop a formula for allocating grant amounts among the
- 9 States so that a grant may be awarded to each State seek-
- 10 ing a grant.
- 11 (c) REQUIREMENT ON SHARE OF ACTIVITIES.—
- 12 (1) REQUIREMENT.—A State may not be
- awarded a grant under this section unless the State
- ensures that at least 50 percent of the resources of
- the program funded by the grant will be derived
- 16 from other sources.
- 17 (2) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—The require-
- ment in paragraph (1) may be satisfied by in-kind
- 19 contributions of goods or services.
- 20 (d) Lead Entity.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—A State seeking a grant
- 22 under this section shall carry out this section
- through a lead entity meeting the requirements of
- 24 this subsection.

1	(2) 2–1–1 COLLABORATIVE.—An entity shall be
2	treated as the 2–1–1 Collaborative for a State under
3	this subsection if the entity—
4	(A) exists for such purpose under State
5	law;
6	(B) exists for such purpose by order of the
7	State public utility commission; or
8	(C) is a collaborative entity established by
9	the State for such purpose from among rep-
10	resentatives of—
11	(i) an informal existing 2-1-1 state-
12	wide collaborative, if any, in the State;
13	(ii) State agencies;
14	(iii) community-based organizations;
15	(iv) faith-based organizations;
16	(v) not-for-profit organizations;
17	(vi) comprehensive and specialized in-
18	formation and referral providers, including
19	current 2–1–1 call centers;
20	(vii) foundations; and
21	(viii) businesses.
22	(3) Requirements for preexisting lead
23	Entities.—An entity described by subparagraph
24	(A) or (B) of paragraph (2) may be treated as a
25	lead entity under this subsection only if such entity

1 collaborates, to the extent practicable, with the orga-2 nizations and entities listed in subparagraph (C) of 3 that paragraph.

(e) APPLICATION.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The lead entity on behalf of each State seeking a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary an application therefore in such form as the Secretary shall require.
- (2) Information.—An application on behalf of a State under this subsection shall contain information as follows:
 - (A) Information on the program to be carried out by the lead entity of the State so that every citizen with phone service may dial the 2–1–1 telephone service in order to plan to make available throughout the State 2–1–1 telephone service for information and referral on human services, including information on the manner in which the lead entity will develop, sustain, and evaluate the program.
 - (B) Information on the sources of resources for the program for purposes of meeting the requirement in subsection (c).
 - (C) There should be a statewide database available to all citizens as well as all human

1	service programs, through the Internet, that
2	will allow them to search for programs or serv-
3	ices that are available according to the data
4	gathered by the 2-1-1 programs in the State
5	(D) Any additional information that the
6	Secretary may require for purposes of this sec-
7	tion.
8	(f) Subgrants.—
9	(1) Authority.—In carrying out a program to
10	make 2–1–1 telephone service available throughout a
11	State at no charge to the caller, the lead entity of
12	the State may make subgrants to such persons or
13	entities as the lead entity considers appropriate for
14	purposes of the program, including subgrants to pro-
15	vide funds—
16	(A) for the provision of 2–1–1 telephone
17	service;
18	(B) for the operation and maintenance of
19	2-1-1 call centers; and
20	(C) for the collection and display of infor-
21	mation for the statewide database.
22	(2) Considerations.—In awarding a subgrant
23	under this subsection a lead entity shall consider.

1	(A) the ability of the person or entity seek
2	ing the subgrant to carry out activities or pro-
3	vide services consistent with the program;
4	(B) the extent to which the award of the
5	subgrant will facilitate equitable geographic dis-
6	tribution of subgrants under this section to en-
7	sure that rural communities have access to 2-
8	1–1 telephone service; and
9	(C) the extent to which the recipient of the
10	subgrant will establish and maintain cooperative
11	relationships with specialized information and
12	referral centers, including Child Care Resource
13	Referral Agencies, crisis centers, 9–1–1 cal
14	centers, and 3–1–1 call centers, if applicable.
15	(g) USE OF GRANT AND SUBGRANT AMOUNTS.—
16	(1) In general.—Amounts awarded as grants
17	or subgrants under this section shall be used solely
18	to make available 2–1–1 telephone service for com-
19	munity information and referral on human services
20	to all citizens of the State with phone access, includ-
21	ing telephone connections between families and indi-
22	viduals seeking such services and the providers of
23	such services.
24	(2) Particular matters.—In making 2–1–1

telephone service available, the recipient of a grant

- or subgrant shall, to the maximum extent practicable—
- A) abide by the Key Standards for 2–1–
 1 Centers as specified in the Standards for Professional Information and Referral Requirements for Alliance of Information Referral Systems (AIRS) Accreditation and Operating 2–1–
 1 Systems; and
 - (B) collaborate with human service organizations, whether public or private, to provide an exhaustive database of services with which to provide information or referral to individuals utilizing 2–1–1 telephone service.
 - (3) Use of funds.—Amounts of a subgrant under subsection (f) may be used by grantees for Statewide and regional planning, start-up costs (including costs of software and hardware upgrades and telecommunications costs), training, accreditation, public awareness, evaluation of activities, Internet hosting and site development and maintenance for a statewide database, database integration projects that incorporate data from different 2–1–1 programs to a single statewide database, and the provision of 2–1–1 telephone service.

1	(h) REQUIREMENT ON ALLOCATION OF GRANT
2	Amounts.—Of the amounts awarded under this section,
3	an aggregate of not more than 15 percent shall be allo-
4	cated for evaluation, training, and technical assistance,
5	and for management and administration of subgrants
6	awarded under this section.
7	(i) Reports.—The lead entity of each State awarded
8	a grant under this section for a fiscal year shall submit
9	to the Secretary, not later than 60 days after the end of
10	such fiscal year, a report on the program funded by the
11	grant. Each report shall—
12	(1) describe the program funding by the grant;
13	(2) assess the effectiveness of the program in
14	making available to all citizens with phone service
15	State 2–1–1 telephone service for information and
16	referral on human services in accordance with the
17	provisions of this section; and
18	(3) assess the effectiveness of collaboration with
19	human service resource and referral entitles and
20	service providers.
21	(j) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) Human services.—The term "human
23	services" means services as follows:
24	(A) Services that assist individuals in be-
25	coming more self-sufficient, in preventing de-

1	pendency, and in strengthening family relation-
2	ships.
3	(B) Services that support personal and so-
4	cial development.
5	(C) Services that help ensure the health
6	and well-being of individuals, families, and com-
7	munities.
8	(2) Information and referral center.—
9	The term "information and referral center" means
10	a center that—
11	(A) maintains a database of providers of
12	human services in a State or locality;
13	(B) assists individuals, families, and com-
14	munities in identifying, understanding, and ac-
15	cessing the providers of human services and the
16	human services offered by the providers of such
17	services; and
18	(C) tracks types of calls referred and re-
19	ceived to document the demands for services.
20	(3) STATE.—The term "State" means the sev-
21	eral States, the District of Columbia, the Common-
22	wealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam,
23	American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the
24	Northern Mariana Islands.

1 SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 (a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 3 priated to carry out this Act, for each of fiscal years 2008
- 4 and 2009, \$150,000,000, and for each of fiscal years 2010
- 5 through 2013, \$100,000,000.
- 6 (b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant
- 7 to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a)
- 8 shall remain available until expended.

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